

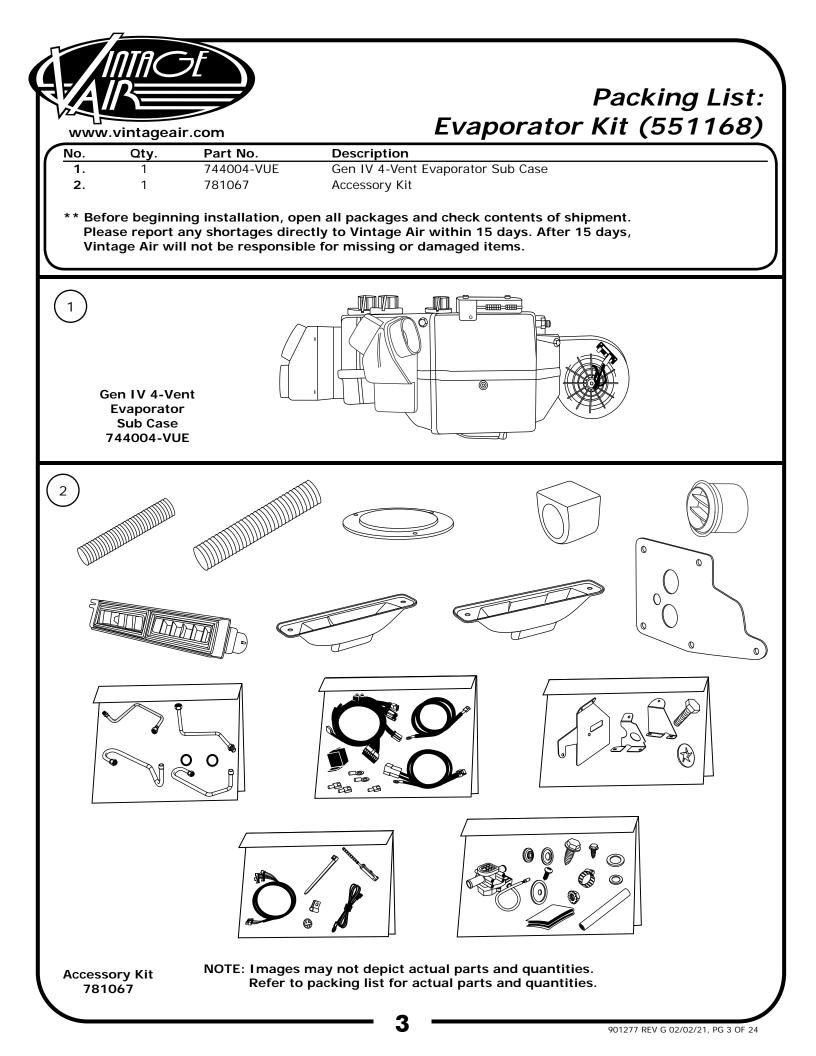
Fax: 210-654-7171 www.vintageair.com



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Thank you for purchasing this evaporator kit from Vintage Air. When installing these components as part of a complete SureFit<sup>™</sup> system, Vintage Air recommends working from front to back on the vehicle, installing the condenser kit, hose kit, and compressor first, followed by the wiring, evaporator, and finally the control panel.

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## Important Notice—Please Read

For Maximum System Performance, Vintage Air Recommends the Following:

NOTE: Vintage Air systems are designed to operate with R134a refrigerant only. Use of any other refrigerant could damage your A/C system and/or vehicle, and possibly cause a fire, in addition to potentially voiding the warranties of the A/C system and its components.

### Refrigerant Capacities:

Vintage Air System: 1.8 lbs. (28.8 oz.) or 816 grams of **R134a**, charged by weight with a quality charging station or scale. **NOTE: Use of the proper type and amount of refrigerant is critical to system operation and performance.** 

Other Systems: Consult manufacturer's guidelines.

### Lubricant Capacities:

New Vintage Air-Supplied Sanden Compressor: No additional oil needed (Compressor is shipped with proper oil charge).

**All Other Compressors:** Consult manufacturer (Some compressors are shipped dry and will need oil added).

### Safety Switches

Your Vintage Air system is equipped with a binary pressure safety switch. A binary switch disengages the compressor clutch in cases of extreme low pressure conditions (refrigerant loss) or excessively high head pressure (406 PSI) to prevent compressor damage or hose rupture. A trinary switch combines Hi/Lo pressure protection with an electric fan operation signal at 254 PSI, and should be substituted for use with electric fans. Compressor safety switches are extremely important since an A/C system relies on refrigerant to circulate lubricant.

### Service Info:

**Protect Your Investment:** Prior to assembly, it is critical that the compressor, evaporator, A/C hoses and fittings, hardlines, condenser and receiver/drier remain capped. Removing caps prior to assembly will allow moisture, insects and debris into the components, possibly leading to reduced performance and/or premature failure of your A/C system. This is especially important with the receiver/drier.

Additionally, when caps are removed for assembly, **BE CAREFUL!** Some components are shipped under pressure with dry nitrogen.

**Evacuate the System for 35-45 Minutes:** Ensure that system components (Drier, compressor, evaporator and condenser) are at a temperature of at least 85°F. On a cool day, the components can be heated with a heat gun *or* by running the engine with the heater on before evacuating. Leak check and charge to specifications.

### Bolts Passing Through Cowl and/or Firewall:

To ensure a watertight seal between the passenger compartment and the vehicle exterior, for all bolts passing through the cowl and/or firewall, Vintage Air recommends coating the threads with silicone prior to installation.

### Heater Hose (not included with this kit):

Heater hose may be purchased from Vintage Air (Part#31800-VUD) or your local parts retailer. Routing and required length will vary based on installer preference.



### **Important Wiring Notice—Please Read**

Some vehicles may have had some or all of their radio interference capacitors removed. There should be a capacitor found at each of the following locations:

- 1. On the positive terminal of the ignition coil.
- 2. If there is a generator, on the armature terminal of the generator.
- 3. If there is a generator, on the battery terminal of the voltage regulator.

Most alternators have a capacitor installed internally to eliminate what is called "whining" as the engine is revved. If whining is heard in the radio, or just to be extra cautious, a radio interference capacitor can be added to the battery terminal of the alternator.

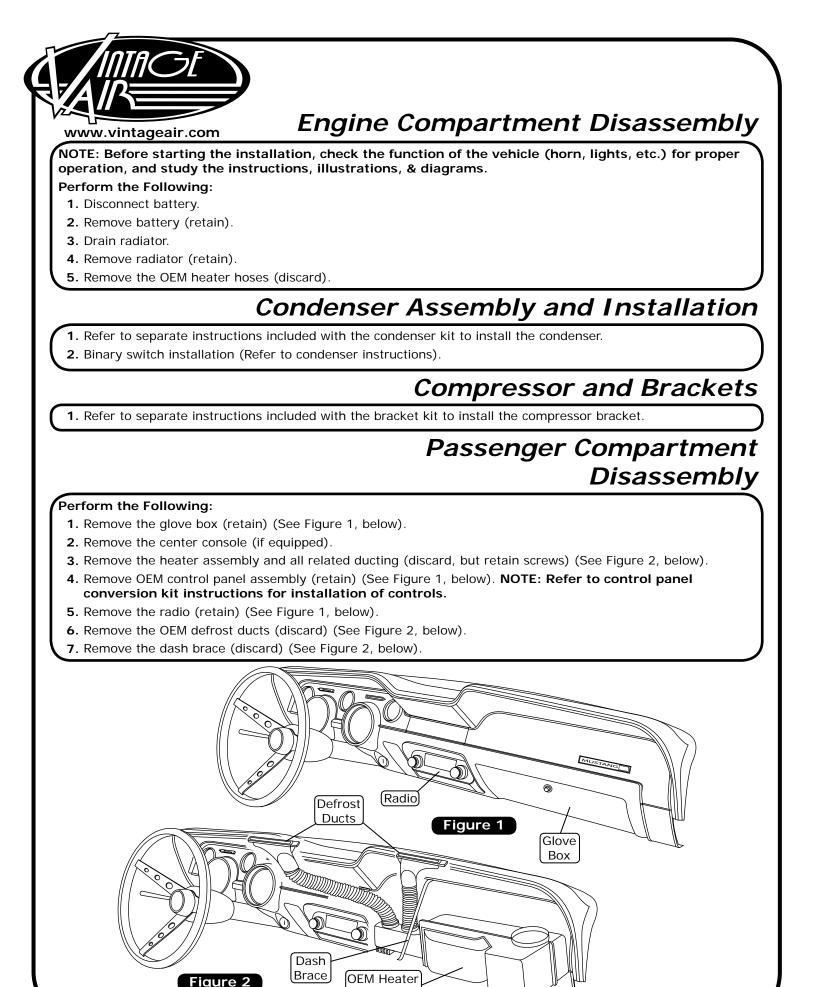
It is also important that the battery lead is in good shape and that the ground leads are not compromised. There should be a heavy ground from the battery to the engine block, and additional grounds to the body and chassis.

If these precautions are not observed, it is possible for voltage spikes to be present on the battery leads. These spikes come from ignition systems and charging systems, and from switching some of the vehicle's other systems on and off. Modern computer-operated equipment can be sensitive to voltage spikes on the power leads, which can cause unexpected resets, strange behavior and/or permanent damage.

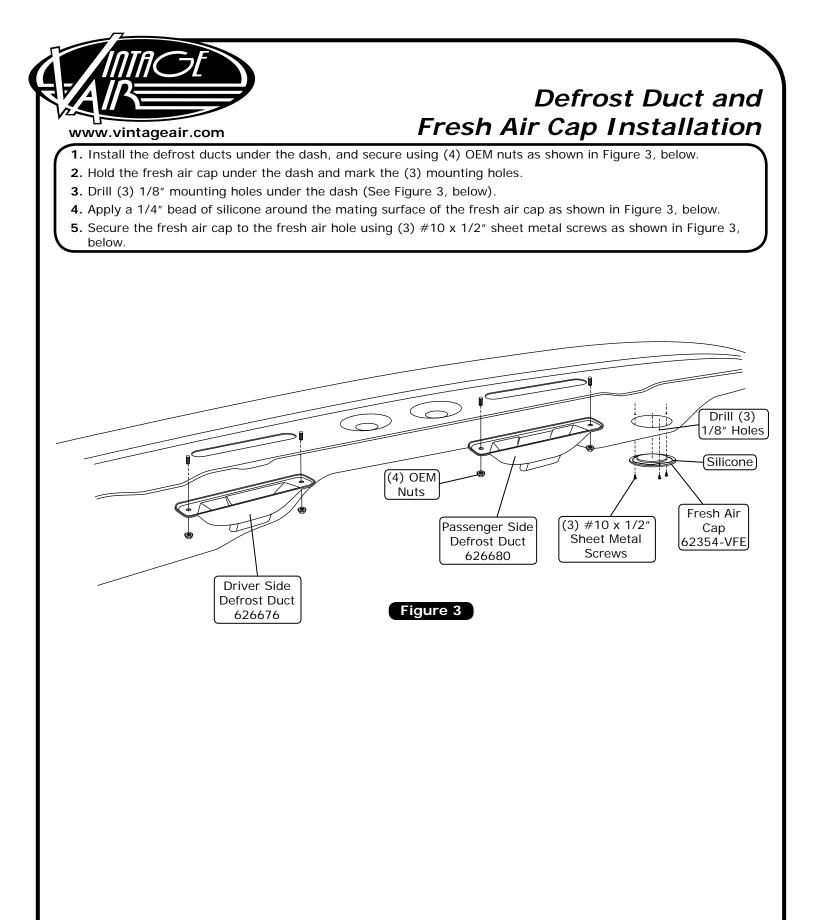
Vintage Air strives to harden our products against these types of electrical noise, but there is a point where a vehicle's electrical system can be degraded so much that nothing can help.

Radio interference capacitors should be available at most auto and truck parts suppliers. They typically are cylindrical in shape, a little over an inch long and a little over a half-inch in diameter, and they have a single lead coming from one end of the cylinder with a terminal on the end of the wire, as well as a mounting clip which is screwed into a good ground on the vehicle. The specific value of the capacitance is not too significant in comparison to ignition capacitors that are matched with the coil to reduce pitting of the points.

- Care must be taken, when installing the compressor lead, not to short it to ground. The compressor lead must not be connected to a condenser fan or to any other auxiliary device. Shorting to ground or connecting to a condenser fan or any other auxiliary device may damage wiring or the compressor relay, and/or cause a malfunction.
- When installing ground leads on Gen IV systems, the blower control ground and ECU ground must be connected directly to the negative battery post.
- For proper system operation, the heater control valve must be connected to the ECU.



Assembly

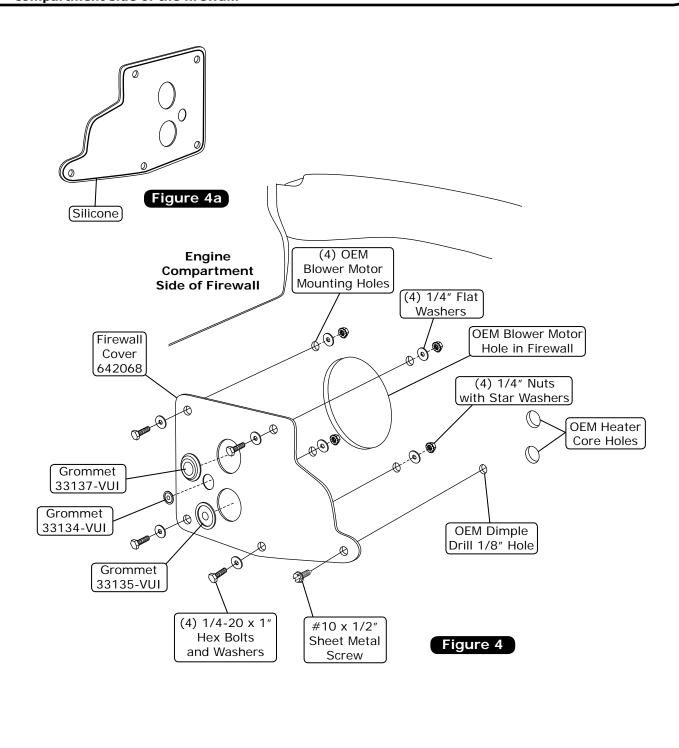


### Firewall Cover Installation

**1**. Install (3) grommets onto the firewall cover as shown in Figure 4, below.

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- **2**. Apply a 1/4'' bead of silicone around the mating surface of the firewall cover as shown in Figure 4a, below.
- **3.** Secure the firewall cover to the firewall using (4) 1/4-20 x 1" hex bolts, flat washers and nuts, and (1) #10 x 1/2" sheet metal screw (See Figure 4, below). **NOTE: The firewall cover installs on the engine** compartment side of the firewall.



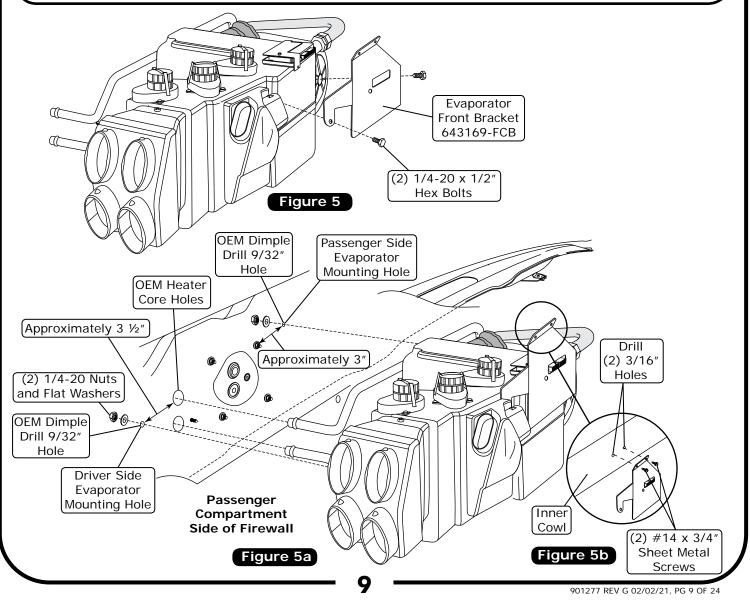
### **Evaporator Installation**

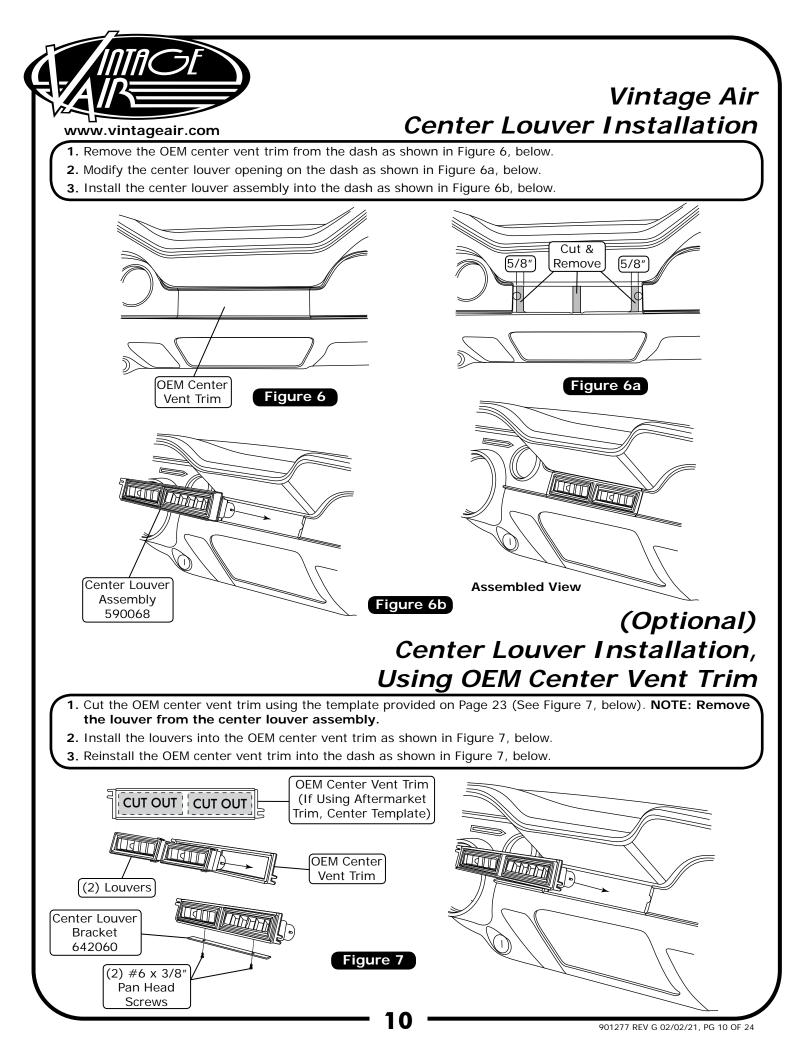
NOTE: To ensure a watertight seal between the passenger compartment and the vehicle exterior, for all bolts passing through the firewall, Vintage Air recommends coating the threads with silicone prior to installation.

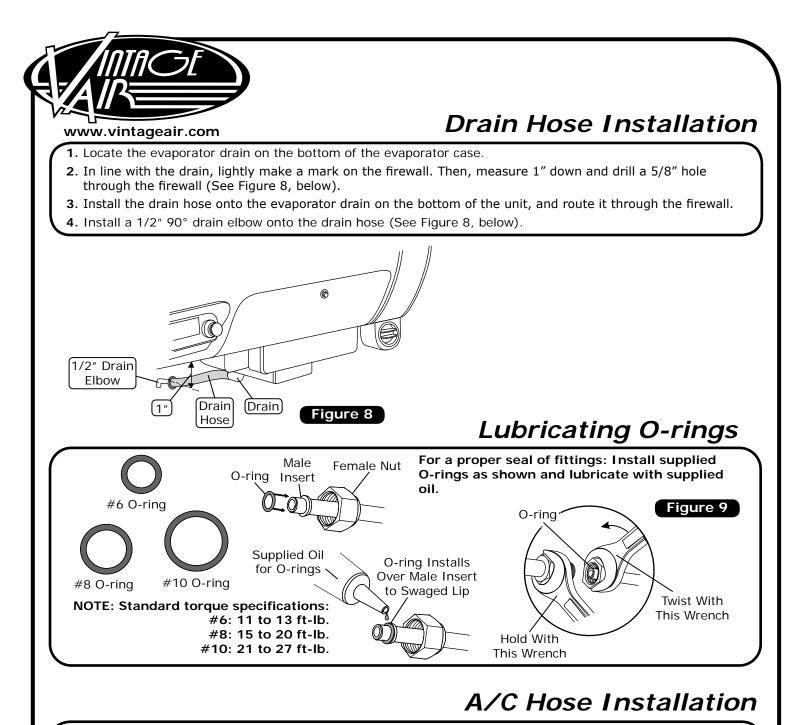
- 1. On a workbench, install the evaporator rear brackets and hardlines with properly lubricated O-rings (See Figure 9, Page 11, and Figure 16, Page 17).
- **2.** Install the front mounting bracket onto the evaporator using (2) 1/4-20 x 1/2" hex bolts, and tighten as shown in Figure 5, below.
- 3. Drill (2) 9/32" holes in firewall using OEM dimples (See Figure 5a, below).

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- 4. Lift the evaporator unit up under the dashboard. Secure loosely to the firewall from the engine compartment side using (2) 1/4-20 nuts and washers (See Figure 5a, below). NOTE: To ensure proper drainage, it is very important that the evaporator is level, both left-right and fore-aft. Check for level on the flat portions of the case around the drain.
- 5. Using the front evaporator bracket as a guide, mark and drill (2) 3/16" holes in the cowl (See Figure 5b, below).
- Using (2) #14 x 3/4" sheet metal screws, secure the front evaporator mounting bracket to the inner cowl (See Figure 5b, below).
- 7. Verify that the evaporator unit is level and square to the dash; then tighten all mounting bolts. NOTE: Tighten the bolt on the firewall first. Then tighten the front mounting bracket sheet metal screws.





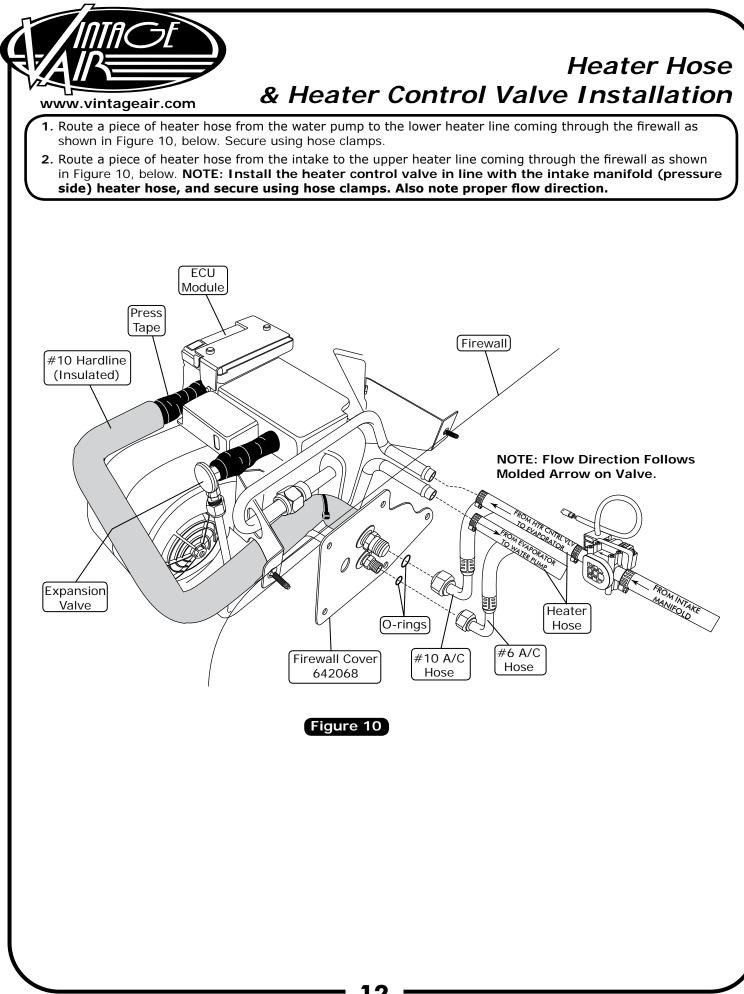


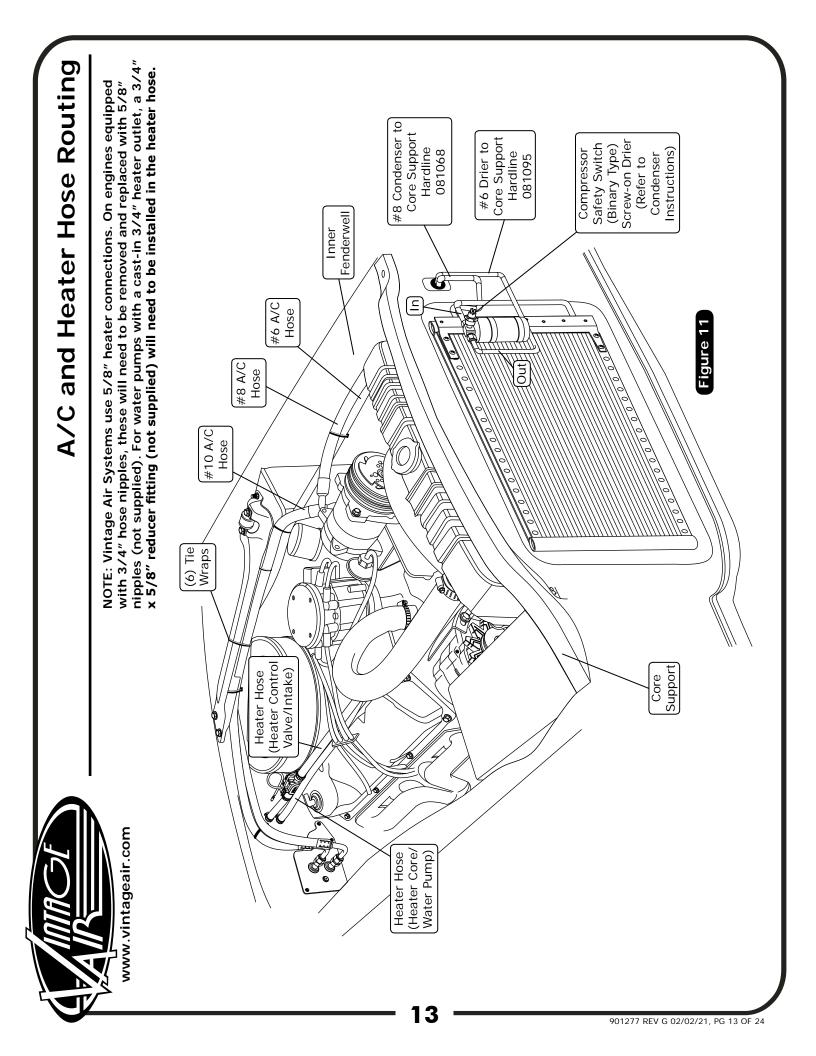
#### Standard Hose Kit:

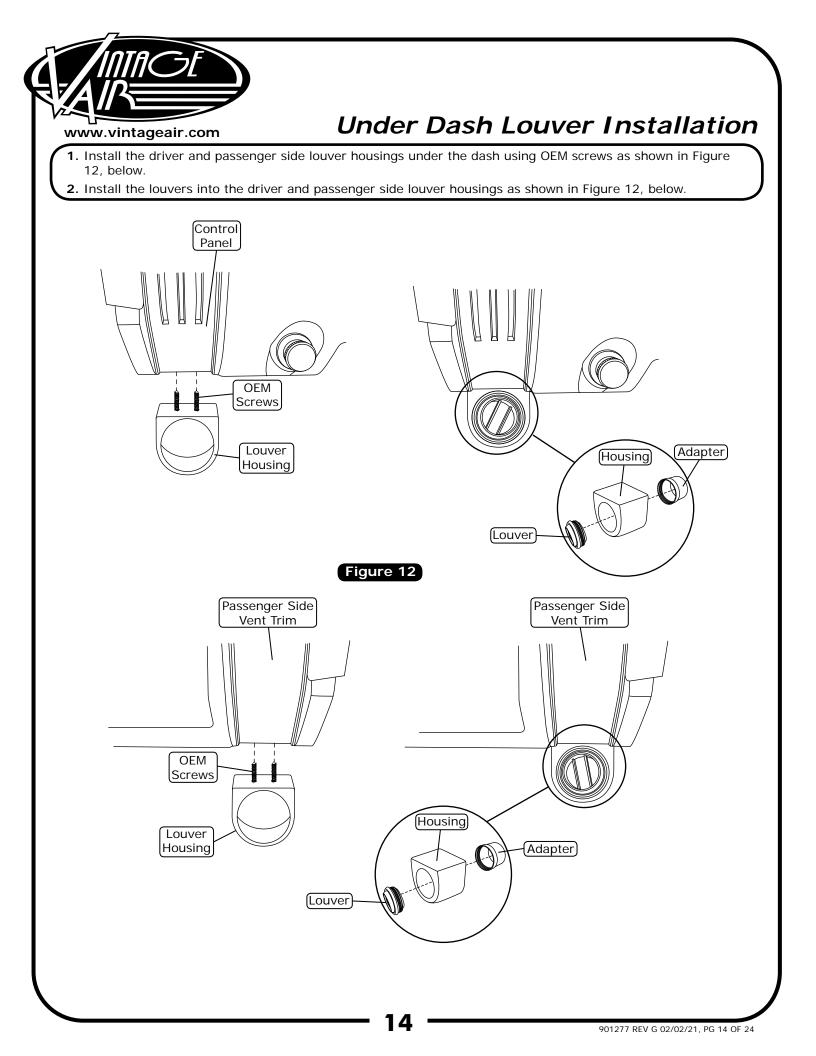
- Locate the #8 compressor A/C hose. Lubricate (2) #8 O-rings (See Figure 9, above) and connect the 45° fitting to the #8 discharge port on the compressor. Then route the straight female fitting with service port to the #8 condenser hardline coming through the radiator core support (See Figure 11, Page 13). Tighten each fitting connection as shown in Figure 9, above.
- 2. Locate the #10 compressor A/C hose. Lubricate (2) #10 O-rings (See Figure 9, above) and connect the 90° female fitting with service port to the #10 suction port on the compressor. Then route the 90° female fitting to the #10 evaporator hardline coming through the firewall (See Figure 10, Page 12, & Figure 11, Page 13). Tighten each fitting connection as shown in Figure 9, above. Wrap the #10 fitting connections with press tape (See Figure 10, Page 12).
- **3.** Locate the #6 evaporator/drier hose. Lubricate (2) #6 O-rings (See Figure 9, above) and connect the straight female fitting to the #6 drier hardline coming through the radiator core support. Then route the 90° female fitting to the #6 evaporator hardline coming through the firewall (See Figure 10, Page 12 and Figure 11, Page 13). Tighten each fitting connection as shown in Figure 9, above.
- **4.** Use (6) tie wraps to secure the #6 A/C hose to the brace as shown in Figure 11, Page 13.

#### Modified Hose Kit:

1. Refer to separate instructions included with modified hose kit.



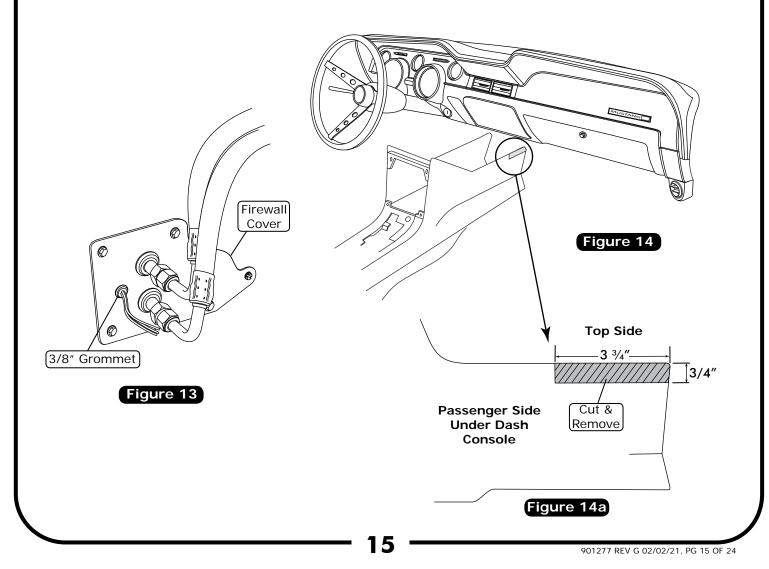


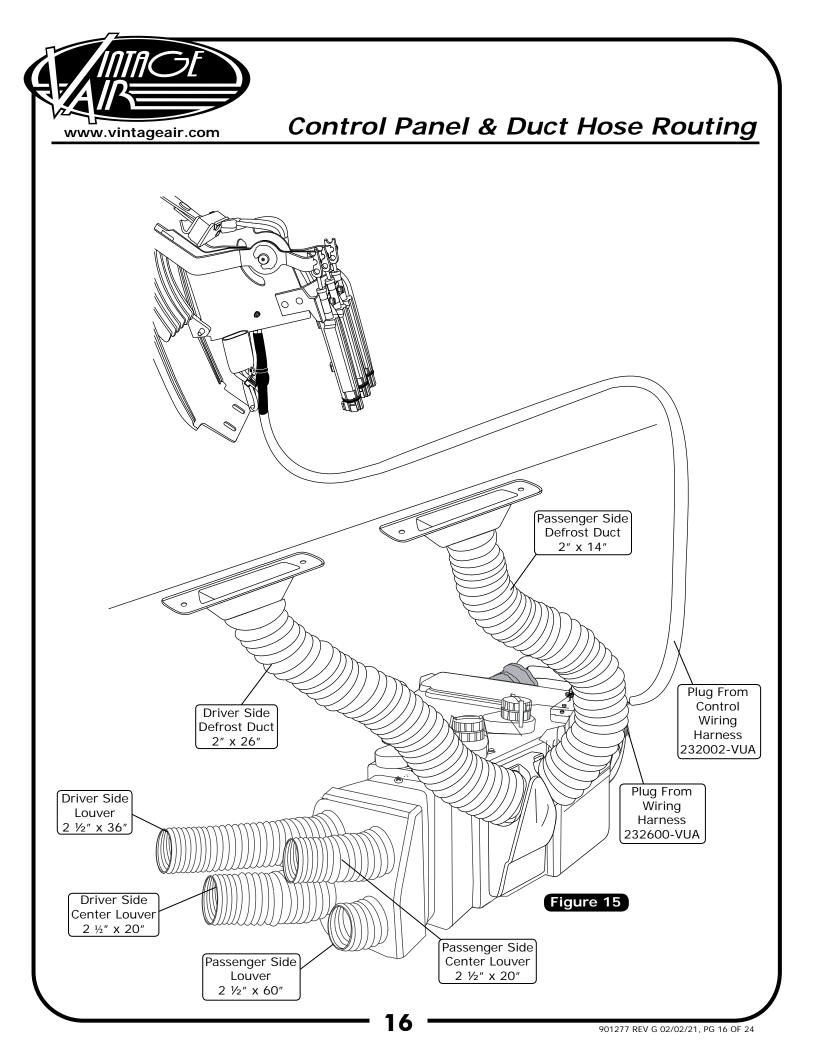


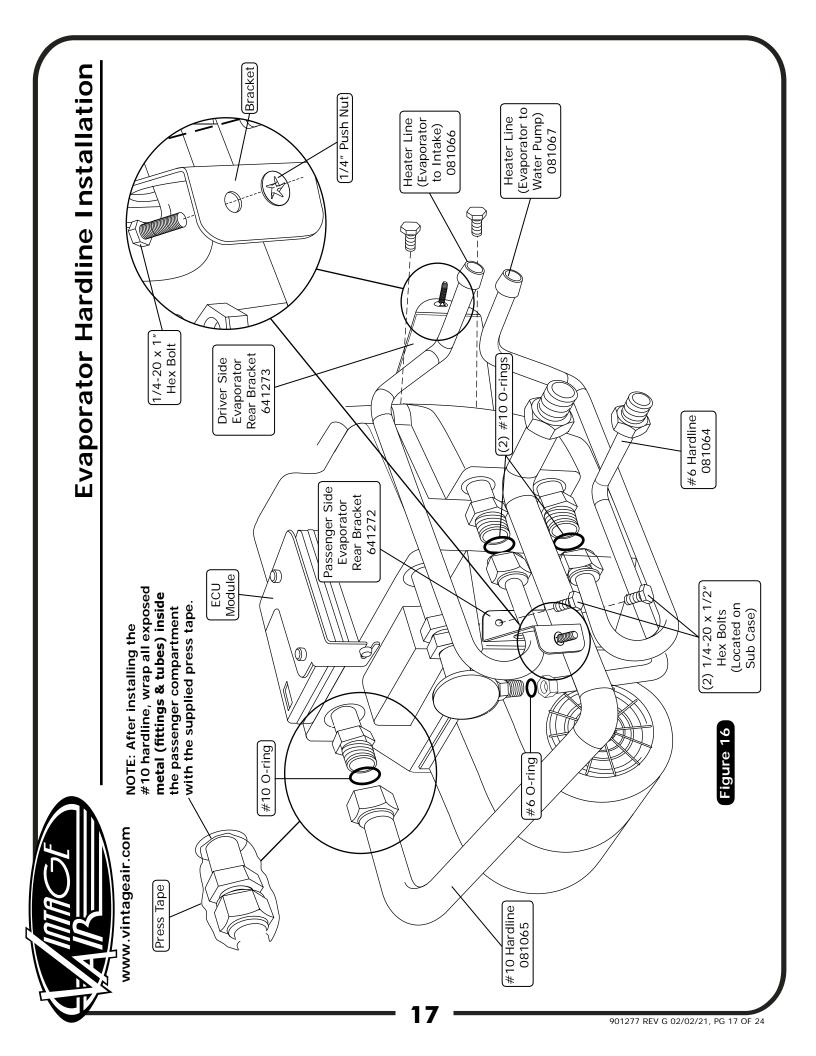
### Final Steps

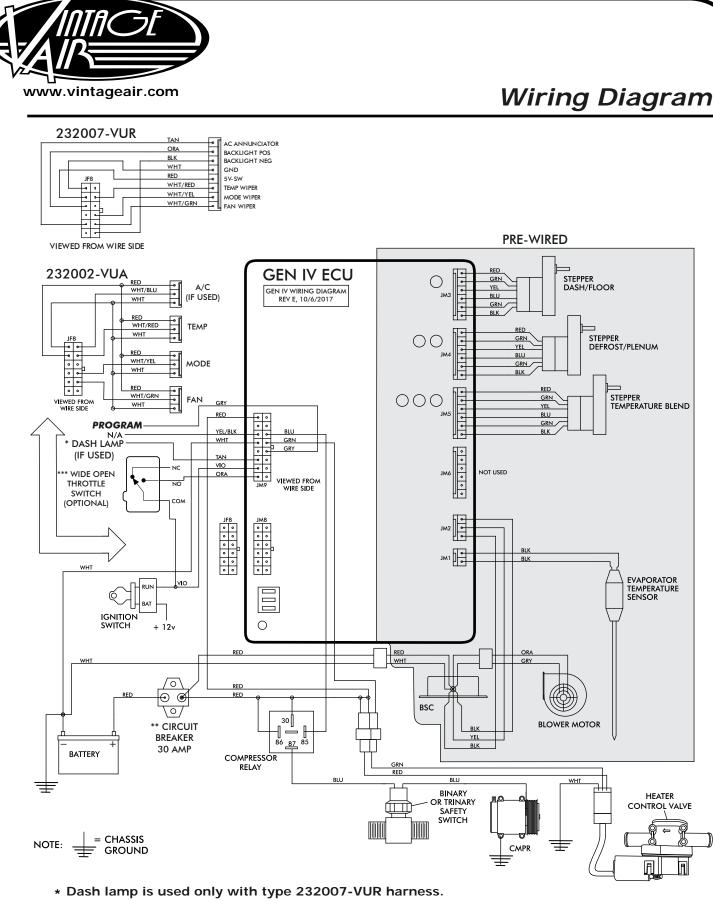
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- 1. Install duct hoses as shown in Figure 15, Page 16.
- Route A/C wires (12 volt/grounds/binary switch/heater valve) through 3/8" grommet as shown in Figure 13, below.
- 3. Install the control panel assembly. Refer to control panel instructions.
- **4.** Plug the wiring harnesses into the ECU module on the sub case as shown in Figure 15, Page 16. Wire according to the wiring diagrams on Pages 18 and 19.
- 5. Reinstall the glove box.
- 6. Reinstall the center console (if equipped). Modify the console as shown in Figures 14 & 14a, below.
- 7. Reinstall all previously removed items.
- 8. Fill radiator with at least a 50/50 mixture of approved antifreeze and distilled water. It is the owner's responsibility to keep the freeze protection at the proper level for the climate in which the vehicle is operated. Failure to follow antifreeze recommendations will cause heater core to corrode prematurely and possibly burst in A/C mode and/or freezing weather, voiding your warranty.
- 9. Double check all fittings, brackets and belts for tightness.
- **10.** Vintage Air recommends that all A/C systems be serviced by a licensed automotive A/C technician.
- **11.** Evacuate the system for a minimum of 45 minutes prior to charging, and perform a leak check prior to servicing.
- **12.** Charge the system to the capacities stated on Page 4 of this instruction manual.
- **13.** See Operation of Controls procedures on Page 20.





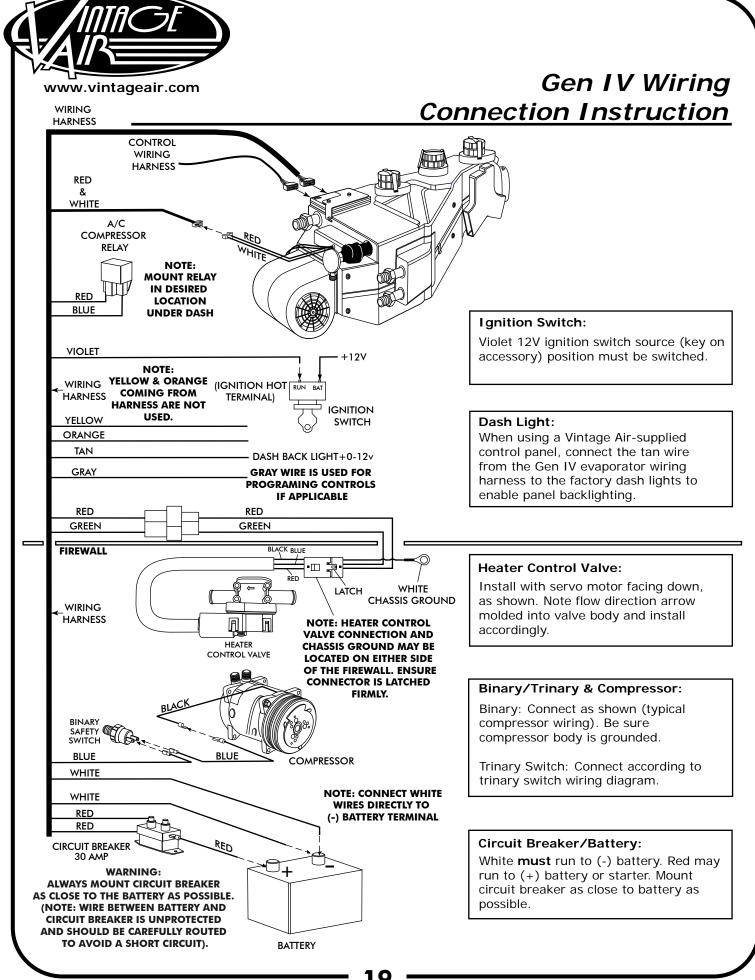




- \*\* Warning: Always mount circuit breaker as close to the battery as possible. (NOTE: Wire between battery and circuit breaker is unprotected and should be carefully routed to avoid a short circuit).
- \*\*\* Wide open throttle switch contacts close only at full throttle, which disables A/C

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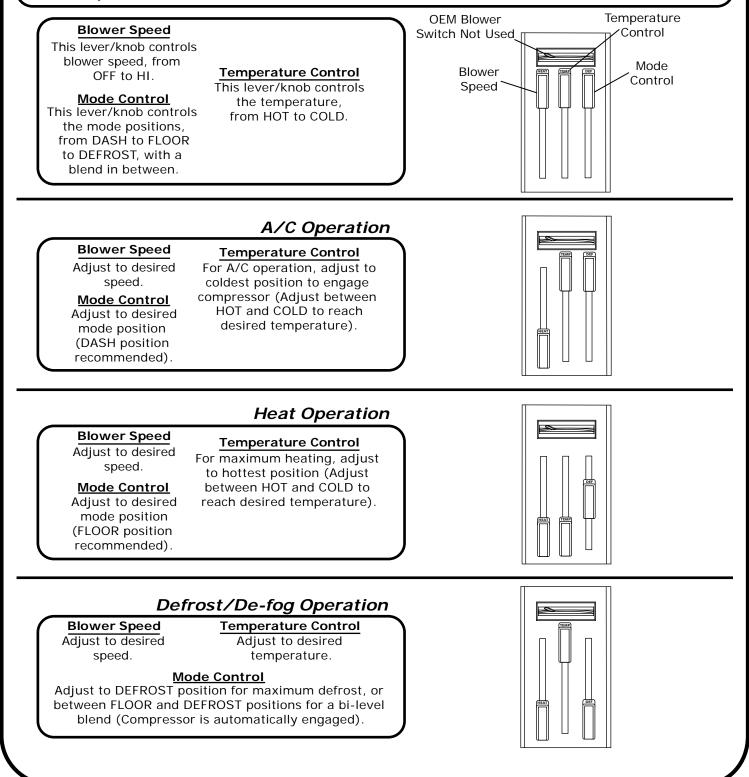


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# **Operation of Controls**

On Gen IV systems with three lever/knob controls, the temperature control toggles between heat and A/C operations. To activate A/C, move the temperature lever/knob all the way to cold and then back it off to the desired vent temperature. For heat operation, move the temperature lever/knob all the way to hot and then adjust to the desired vent temperature. The blower will momentarily change speed, each time you toggle between operations, to indicate the change. **NOTE: For proper control panel function, refer to control panel instructions for calibration procedure.** 



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			Troublesho	Troubleshooting Guide
Symptom	Condition	Checks	Actions	Notes
		Check for damaged pins or Wires in control head plug.	Verify that all pins are inserted into plug. Ensure that no pins are bent or damaged in ECU.	
Blower stays on high speed when	No other functions work.	Check for damaged ground wire (white) in control head harness.	<ul> <li>Verify continuity to chassis ground with white control</li> <li>head wire at various points.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Loss of ground on this wire</li> <li>renders control head</li> <li>inoperable.</li> </ul>
Ignition is on.	All other functions work.	Check for damaged blower switch or potentiometer and associated wiring.		See blower switch check procedure.
		Unplug 3-wire BSC control connector from ECU. If blower	Be sure the small, 20 GA white ground wire is connected to the battery ground post. If it is, replace the ECU.	
Blower stays on high speed when			Check to ensure that no BSC wiring is damaged or shorted to vehicle ground. The BSC operates the blower by ground side pulse width modulation switching. The positive wire to the blower will always be hot. If the	
ignition is on or off.		Unplug 3-wire BSC control Connector from ECU. If blower stays running, BSC is either improperly wired or damaged.	<ul> <li>"ground" side of the blower is shorted to chassis ground, the blower will run on HI.</li> <li>Replace BSC (This will require removal of evaporator from vehicle).</li> </ul>	No other part replacements
	System is not charged.	System must be charged for compressor to engage.	<ul> <li>Charge system or bypass pressure switch.</li> </ul>	Danger: Never bypass safety switch with engine running. Serious
Compressor will not turn on (All other functions work).	Suctors to character	Check for faulty A/C potentiometer or associated wiring (not applicable to 3-pot controls).	Check continuity to ground on white control head wire. Check for 5V on red control head wire.	To check for proper pot function, check voltage at white/blue wire. Voltage should be between OV and 5V, and will vary with pot
		Check for disconnected or faulty thermistor.	→ Check 2-pin connector at ECU housing.	► Disconnected or faulty thermistor will cause compressor to be disabled.
3. Compressor will not turn off (All other functions		<ul> <li>Check for faulty A/C</li> <li>potentiometer or associated wiring.</li> </ul>	Repair or replace pot/control wiring.	Red wire at A/C pot should have approximately 5V with ignition on. White wire will have continuity to Rue wire should vary
		Check for faulty A/C relay.	➡ Replace relay.	between OV and 5V when lever is moved up or down.

Symptom         Condition         Checks         Actions         Actions         More           4         Werk were eighte is not engine is started wing started by topicative and a register is not engine is started by topicative and is and a resonance fragment by topicative and is started and is started and a resonance fragment by topicative and is started and is stare	www.vintageair.com	air.com		Troubleshooting Guide (Cont.)	iide (Cont.)
<ul> <li>Works when engine is any construct when engine is any construct on an any term ECU and ECU wring, check for burned, expressible on all versions. Factor and assecting any term ECU and ECU wring, check for burned, expressible on all versions. The event of the factor of the event of th</li></ul>		Condition	Checks	Actions	Notes
ystem will not free for the factors on power and both the factor of the control head with a function or runs the net will not turn on under the set optimite ground wires. The condition of the factor of the condition of the cond	4	Works when engine is not running: shuts off when engine is started (typically early Gen IV, but nossihe on all	Noise interference from either jgnition or alternator.	Install capacitors on ignition coil and alternator. Ensure good ground at all points. Relocate coil and associated viring away from ECU and ECU wiring. Check for burned or loose plug wires.	Ignition noise (radiated or conducted) will cause the system to shut down due to high voltage spikes. If this is suspected, check with a quality oscilloscope. Spikes
Will not turn on under any conditions.       Verify battery voltage is greater than 10. volts and less (han 16.       Verify proper meter function by checking the condition of greater than 10. volts and less (han 16.            •••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	System will not turn on, or runs intermittently.	versions).	tions on power lead, and both wires.		greater than 16V will shut down the ECU. Install a radio capacitor at the positive post of the ignition
<ul> <li>Check for damaged mode oss of mode change at all.</li> <li>Bassociated witing.</li> <li>Check for obstructed or damaged witing.</li> <li>Check for obstructed or doors.</li> <li>Check for obstructed or doors.</li> <li>Check for damaged stepper</li> <li>Check for at least 12V at the fersure all system grounds and power connections are circuit breaker.</li> <li>Check for at least 12V at the fersure all system grounds and power connections are circuit breaker.</li> <li>Check for almaged stepper</li> <li>Check for almaged stepper</li> <li>Check for almaged stepper</li> <li>Check for almaged stepper</li> <li>Check for ally battery or trans on hower unns on hower unns on homotor ownich.</li> <li>Check for almaged switch or the feature of the battery or the now of the nor hower with the source. Also, if the source show the hower with the source show the feature of bower with the source show the feature of the battery post, and not on a worker with the source. Also, if the source the of bower with so the system should be bower with the system will reset.</li> </ul>		Will not turn on under any conditions.	Verify battery voltage is greater than 10 volts and less than 16.	Verify proper meter function by checking the condition of a known good battery.	coll (see radio capacitor installation bulletin). A faulty alternator or worn out battery can also result in this condition.
Partial function of mode donots:       Check for damaged stepper donots:       Check for damaged stepper donots:	5. Loss of mode door function.				Typically caused by evaporator housing installed in a bind in the vehicle Be sure all
Battery voltage is at least 12V.       Ensure all system grounds and power connections are 12V.         Bower turns on doff rapidly.       12V.         Battery voltage is less 12V.       Check for faulty battery or clean and tight.         Battery voltage is less mid off rapidly.       Ensure all system grounds and power connections are trait functions of trait functions of them 12V.         Ensure static functions of trait functions trait funct functions trait funct functions trait funct funct funct funct fun		Partial function of mode doors.	<ul> <li>Creck for obstructed or</li> <li>Inding mode doors.</li> <li>Creck for damaged stepper motor or wiring.</li> </ul>		we muse up sure an mounting locations line up and don't have to be forced into position.
rratic functions of lower, mode, emp, etc. When ignition is When i	<b>6</b> . Blower turns on and off rapidly.	east	Check for at least 12V at circuit breaker. Check for faulty battery or alternator.	Ensure all system grounds and power connections are clean and tight.	System shuts off blower at 10V. Poor connections or weak battery can cause shutdown at up to 11V.
When ignition is       This is an indicator that the system has been reset. Be system has been reset. Be system has been reset. Be sure the red power wire is on then nuts off. This sure the battery post, and not on a switched source. Also, if the system is pulled below 7V for even a split second, the battery.	7. Erratic functions of blower, mode, temp, etc.			Repair or replace.	
	8. When ignition is turned on, blower momentarily comes on, then shuts off. This occurs with the blower switch in the OFF position.			Run red power wire directly to battery.	

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### **OEM Center Vent Trim** Louver Template

